## COMMON CORE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS FOR

## **SECOND GRADE**

## **COMMON CORE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS FOR SECOND GRADE**

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Reading (Literature)	
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Key Ideas and Details.	
RL.2.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why,	<b>EERL.2.1.</b> Answer <i>who</i> and <i>where</i> questions to demonstrate
and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	understanding of details in a familiar text.
RL.2.2. Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse	<b>EERL.2.2.</b> Retell familiar stories from diverse cultures, including two or
cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.	more elements from different parts of the story.
<b>RL.2.3.</b> Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and	<b>EERL.2.3.</b> Identify the actions and feelings of the characters in a familiar
challenges.	story.
Craft and Structure.	
RL.2.4. Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration,	<b>EERL.2.4.</b> Identify rhyming words or repeated phrases in a familiar story,
rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or	poem, or song.
song.	
RL.2.5. Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how	<b>EERL.2.5.</b> Determine the beginning and ending of a story.
the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.	
<b>RL.2.6.</b> Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters,	<b>EERL.2.6.</b> Identify the speakers in a dialogue.
including by speaking in a different voice for each character when	
reading dialogue aloud.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas.	
<b>RL.2.7.</b> Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a	<b>EERL.2.7.</b> Use illustrations in print or digital text to identify characters
print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters,	and settings.
setting, or plot.	
RL.2.8. (Not applicable to literature)	<b>EERL.2.8.</b> N/A
<b>RL.2.9.</b> Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story	<b>EERL.2.9.</b> Identify similarities in two versions of the same story.
(e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.	
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.	
RL.2.10. By the end of the year read and comprehend literature,	RL.2.10. **This Literature Essential Element references all elements above.
including stories and poetry, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band	
proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Reading (Informational Text)	
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Key Ideas and Details.	
RI.2.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why,	<b>EERI.2.1.</b> Answer <i>who</i> and <i>what</i> questions to demonstrate
and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	understanding of details in a familiar text.
RI.2.2. Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the	<b>EERI.2.2.</b> Identify the topic of the text.
focus of specific paragraphs within the text.	
<b>RI.2.3.</b> Describe the connection between a series of historical events,	<b>EERI.2.3.</b> Sequence at least two steps in a procedure or ideas/incidents
scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.	in an event.
Craft and Structure.	
<b>RI.2.4.</b> Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant	<b>EERI.2.4.</b> Identify words related to a topic of a text.
to a grade 2 topic or subject area.	
RI.2.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print,	<b>EERI.2.5.</b> Locate facts or information in a familiar text.
subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key	
facts or information in a text efficiently.	
<b>RI.2.6.</b> Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author	<b>EERI.2.6.</b> Identify purpose of a text.
wants to answer, explain, or describe.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas.	
<b>RI.2.7.</b> Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a	<b>EERI.2.7.</b> Demonstrate understanding of how images relate to a familiar
machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.	informational text.
<b>RI.2.8.</b> Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes	<b>EERI.2.8.</b> N/A (See EERI.2.1.)
in a text.	
<b>RI.2.9.</b> Compare and contrast the most important points presented by	<b>EERI.2.9.</b> Identify a common element between two texts.
two texts on the same topic.	
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.	
RI.2.10. By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts,	<b>EERI.2.10.</b> **This Informational Text Essential Element references all
including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades	elements above.
2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the	
high end of the range.	

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Reading (Foundational Skills)		
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements	
Phonics and Word Recognition.		
<b>RF.2.3.</b> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in	<b>EERF.2.3.a-c.</b> Apply letter-sound and word analysis skills in decoding	
decoding words.	words. In context, identify 18 or more letter-sound associations.	
a. Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words.		
b. Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams.		
c. Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.		
d. Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.	<b>EERF.2.3.d-e.</b> Identify the beginning sound of familiar words beginning	
e. Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound	with a single consonant sound.	
correspondences.		
f. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	<b>EERF.2.3.f.</b> Recognize 10 or more written words.	
Fluency.		
<b>RF.2.4.</b> Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support	<b>EERF.2.4</b> . Read a shared-reading selection.	
comprehension.		
a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and		
expression.		
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and		
understanding, rereading as necessary.		

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Writing	
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Text Types and Purposes.	
<b>W.2.1.</b> Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book	<b>EEW.2.1.</b> Select a book and write, draw, or dictate to state an opinion
they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support	about it and one reason to support the opinion.
the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect	
opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.	
<b>W.2.2.</b> Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a	<b>EEW.2.2.</b> Select a topic and use drawing, dictating, or writing to
topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a	compose a message with one fact about the topic.
concluding statement or section.	
<b>W.2.3.</b> Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event	<b>EEW.2.3.</b> Select an event or personal experience and use drawing,
or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions,	writing, or dictating to compose a message about it.
thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and	
provide a sense of closure.	
Production and Distribution of Writing.	
W.2.4. (Begins in grade 3)	<b>EEW.2.4.</b> (Begins in grade 3)
<b>W.2.5.</b> With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a	<b>EEW.2.5.</b> With guidance and support from adults and peers, add more
topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.	information to own drawing, dictating, or writing to strengthen the message
<b>W.2.6.</b> With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital	<b>EEW.2.6.</b> With guidance and support from adults and peers, use
tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	technology (including assistive technologies) to produce and publish writing
Research to Build and Present Knowledge.	
W.2.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a	<b>EEW.2.7.</b> Participate in shared writing projects - communicate a
number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science	message to add information.
observations).	
<b>W.2.8.</b> Recall information from experiences or gather information from	<b>EEW.2.8.</b> Identify information related to personal experiences and
provided sources to answer a question.	answer simple questions about those experiences.
<b>W.2.9.</b> (Begins in grade 4)	<b>EEW.2.9.</b> (Begins in grade 4)
Range of Writing.	
<b>W.2.10.</b> (Begins in grade 3)	<b>EEW.2.10.</b> (Begins in grade 3)

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Speaking and Listening	
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Comprehension and Collaboration.	
<b>SL.2.1.</b> Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners	<b>EESL.2.1.</b> Participate in conversations with peers and adults in small
about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger	groups.
groups.	a. Engage in multiple-turn exchanges with peers and adults in small
a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in	groups.
respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time	
about the topics and texts under discussion).	
b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to	<b>EERF.2.1.b.</b> Build on comments or topics initiated by adults and peers.
the remarks of others.	
c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the	<b>EESL.2.1.c.</b> Ask questions related to a prescribed topic or text.
topics and texts under discussion.	
<b>SL.2.2.</b> Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud	<b>EESL.2.2.</b> Ask and answer questions about key details from a text read
or information presented orally or through other media.	aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
<b>SL.2.3</b> . Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to	<b>EESL.2.3.</b> Answer questions about what a speaker says.
clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen	
understanding of a topic or issue.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.	
<b>SL.2.4.</b> Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and	<b>EESL.2.4.</b> Identify a photograph or object that reflects a personal
relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.	experience and tell one detail about it.
<b>SL.2.5.</b> Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or	<b>EESL.2.5.</b> Select a visual, audio, or tactual representation to depict an
other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when	experience, thoughts, or feelings.
appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	
<b>SL.2.6.</b> Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and	<b>EESL.2.6.</b> Communicate to provide clarification.
situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.	

CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Conventions of Standard English.	Common core Essential Elements
<b>L.2.1.</b> Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	<b>EEL.2.1.</b> Communicate to convey information.
grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a-f. (See below)	a-f. Produce all letters.
a. Use collective nouns (e.g., <i>group</i> ).	<b>EEL.2.1.a-b.</b> Use frequently occurring nouns (e.g., mom, dad, boy, girl).
b. Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., <i>feet, children, teeth, mice, fish</i> ).	
	EEL 2.1 a. Use frequently assurating prepaying to refer to self and others
c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).	<b>EEL.2.1.c.</b> Use frequently occurring pronouns to refer to self and others
d F	(e.g., we, they, him, her, them).
d. Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs	<b>EEL.2.1.d.</b> Use frequently occurring verbs.
(e.g., sat, hid, told).	FEL 2.1 - Use for example, a security and disastings
e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending	<b>EEL.2.1.e.</b> Use frequently occurring adjectives.
on what is to be modified.	PPL 24 C List to a second state of the interest in the control of
f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound	<b>EEL.2.1.f.</b> Link two or more words together in communication.
sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched	
the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).	FEL 2.2 Have a confirmation of the History Indiana.
<b>L.2.2.</b> Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	<b>EEL.2.2.</b> Use conventions of spelling when communicating.
capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	a. Capitalize the first letter of familiar names.
a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.	FEL 2.2 L NI/A
b. Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.	EEL.2.2.b. N/A
c. Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.	<b>EEL.2.2.c.</b> N/A
d. Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage I	<b>EEL.2.2.d.</b> Identify printed rhyming words with the same spelling
badge; boy □ boil).	pattern.
e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as	<b>EEL.2.2.e.</b> Consult print in the environment to support reading and
needed to check and correct spellings.	spelling.
Knowledge of Language.	<u> </u>
<b>L.2.3.</b> Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing,	<b>EEL.2.3.</b> Use informal language when communicating.
speaking, reading, or listening.	
a. Compare formal and informal uses of English.	

Second Grade English Language Arts Standards: Language	
CCSS Grade-Level Standards	Common Core Essential Elements
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.	
L.2.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies  a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).	<b>EEL.2.4.</b> Demonstrate knowledge of new vocabulary drawn from reading and content areas. a-b. Use newly acquired vocabulary.
c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).	<b>EEL.2.4.c.</b> Sort words into familiar categories.
d. Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark).	<b>EEL.2.4.d.</b> N/A
e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.	<b>EEL.2.4.e.</b> Ask about an unknown word.
<b>L.2.5.</b> Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy).	<b>EEL.2.5.</b> Demonstrate understanding of word relationships.  a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., happy: "I am happy.").
b. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).	<b>EEL.2.5.b.</b> Identify the function of common nouns.
<b>L.2.6.</b> Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).	<b>EEL.2.6.</b> Use adjectives and adverbs from texts that have been read.